



# VENETIAN CAUSEWAY (Venetian Way)

**Project Development & Environment (PD&E) Study  
FROM NORTH BAYSHORE DRIVE TO PURDY AVENUE**

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FM No. 422713-2-22-01

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Efficient Transportation Decision Making (ETDM): 12756



Project Advisory Group (PAG)

*Meeting No. 4*

**May 16, 2017**

**Florida Department of Transportation - District 6**



# Project Team



## Cooperating Agencies



**US Army Corps  
of Engineers®**



**United States  
Coast Guard**

# Purpose and Need for Project

The purpose of the proposed project is to address identified structural and functional deficiencies of the twelve existing bridges (ten low-level fixed spans and two movable bascules), through potential alternatives such as no build, replacement or rehabilitation.





# Structural and Functional Deficiencies

Bridge No.	DOT Bridge #	NBI Condition Rating							
		Sufficiency Rating							Deficiency FO/SD
		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017*	2017
1	874459	32.6	32.6	32.6	19.0	-	-	64.0	-
2	874460	52.0	52.0	54.7	45.9	45.9	45.9	49.9	FO
3	874461	55.5	55.5	52.2	46.0	46.0	36.5	41.3	FO
4	874463	55.5	55.5	55.3	46.0	46.0	36.5	41.3	FO
5	874465	47.9	47.9	47.6	36.5	36.5	36.5	41.3	FO
6	874466	57.6	57.6	54.4	48.2	48.2	39.2	43.8	FO
7	874471	55.5	49.9	52.2	46.0	46.0	46.0	41.3	FO
8	874472	55.5	55.5	55.5	46.0	46.0	36.5	41.3	FO
9	874473	64.0	64.0	61.0	48.7	48.7	48.7	44.3	FO
10	874474	57.5	54.5	54.5	32.1	32.1	32.1	32.2	FO
11	874477	64.0	64.0	56.7	41.0	41.0	30.0	35.6	FO
12	874481	68.1	68.1	68.1	40.4	40.4	40.4	34.9	FO

\* Based on FDOT Bridge Information, April 3<sup>rd</sup> 2017

FO= Functionally Obsolete SD= Structurally Deficient

1. **Project Status**
2. **Alternatives Analysis**
  - Screening Matrix
  - Alt. 6 – High Level Fixed Bridge
3. **Viable Alternatives**
  - No-Build
  - Build
4. **Estimated Costs**
5. **Anticipated Schedule**
6. **Environment**
7. **Evaluation Matrix**
8. **Next Steps**



## Class of Action (COA) Determination

- In **October 2016**, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) agreed the Project Development & Environment (PD&E) Study would proceed under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA).
- Class of Action (COA) determination of **Environmental Assessment (EA)** was approved on **November 10, 2016**.



## National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) Assignment – Effective 12/14/2016

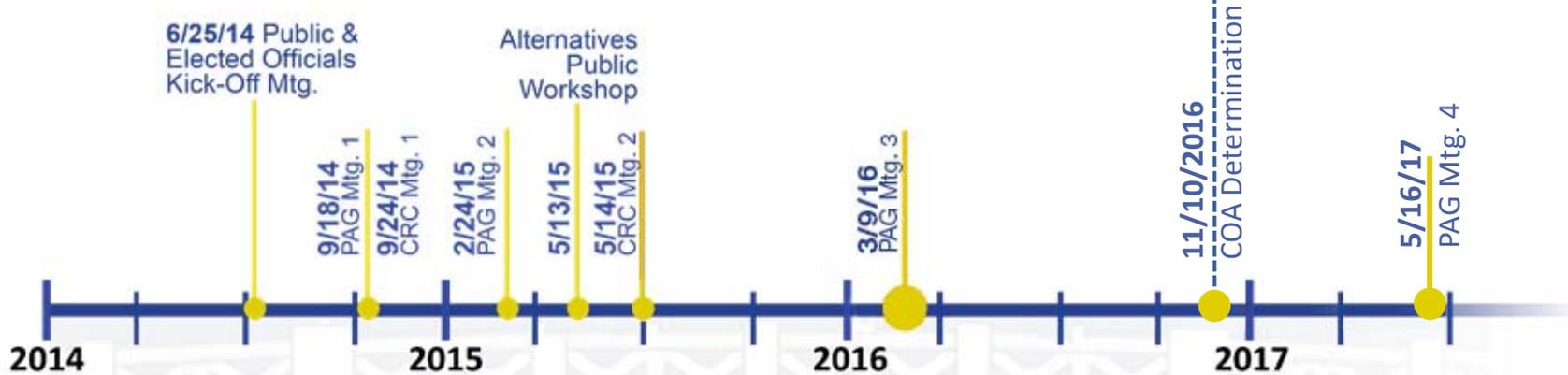
Pursuant to 23 United States Code (U.S.C.) 327, the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) has assumed Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA's) responsibilities under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) for highway projects on the State Highway System (SHS) and Local Agency Program (LAP) projects off the SHS. In general, FDOT's assumption includes all highway and roadway projects in Florida whose sources of federal funding comes from FHWA or which constitute a federal action through FHWA. This includes responsibilities for environmental review, interagency consultation and other regulatory compliance-related actions pertaining to the review or approval of NEPA projects. Therefore, whereas FHWA was previously identified as the Lead Federal Agency, this function is now served by FDOT with approval authority resting in the Office of Environmental Management (OEM).



# Project Status

Project Scope Development

PD&E / NEPA Study



## LEGEND

**CRC:** Cultural Resource Committee

**MTG:** Meeting

**PAG:** Project Advisory Group

## Screening Matrix – Reasonable Alternatives

Alternative	Description	Meets Purpose and Need	Sensitive to Historic Resource	Sensitive to Natural and Physical Environment	Meets Rehab or Replacement Parameters	Community Preference	Total
1	<b>Do Nothing</b>	0	3	3	0	0	6
2	<b>Transportation Systems Management &amp; Operations (TSM&amp;O)</b>	0	3	3	0	0	6
<b>Rehabilitation Alternatives</b>							
3	Fixed Bridge Rehab w/out Beam Strengthening	3	3	2	2	1	11
4	<b>Fixed Bridge Rehab with Beam Strengthening</b>	3	3	2	3	2	13
M1	<b>Bascule Bridge Rehabilitation</b>	3	3	2	3	2	13
<b>Replacement Alternatives</b>							
<b>Typical Sections</b>							
T1	<b>Venetian Railing</b>	3	3	3	3	3	15
T2	Wyoming Railing TL-4 at coping	3	0	3	2	1	9
T3	Wyoming Railing TL-3 at curb and Original Venetian Railing at Coping	3	1	3	2	1	10
T4	Wyoming Railing TL-3 at curb and Custom Railing at Coping	3	0	3	2	0	8
<b>Fixed Alternatives</b>							
5	Tunnel	3	0	1	1	1	6
6	High Level Fixed Bridge	3	0	1	1	2	7
7	<b>Arched Beams</b>	3	3	2	3	3	14
8	FIB With Arched Fascia	3	1	2	2	1	9
9	FIB	3	0	2	2	0	7
10	Cast-in-Place Slab (Flat/Variable Depth)	3	0	2	2	1	8
11	Infill Spoil Islands	3	0	0	1	3	7
<b>Movable Bridge Alternatives</b>							
M2	Swing Bridge	3	0	2	2	0	7
M3	Vertical Lift Bridge	3	0	2	2	0	7
M4	<b>Double Leaf Bascule Bridge</b>	3	3	2	3	3	14
M5	Single Leaf Bascule Bridge	3	0	2	2	0	7

Screening Matrix - Scoring Methodology	Score
High	3
Medium	2
Low	1
Not Applicable	0

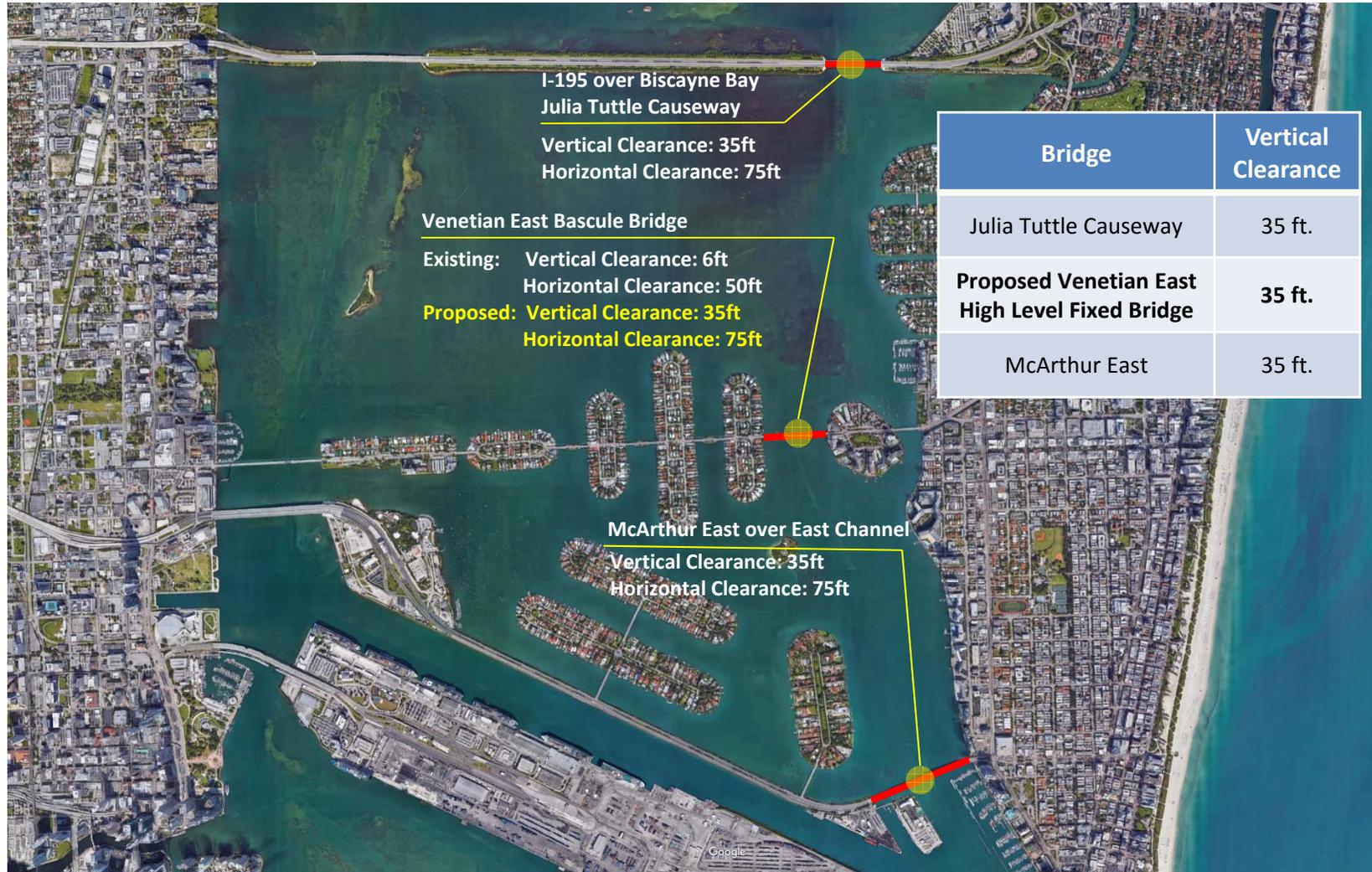
Alternatives considered for additional study shown in **Red**

Further Analysis to Address Comments from the Alternatives Workshop

## Replacement Alternative – Fixed Bridges

### Alt. 6 – High Level Fixed Bridge

Alt. 6





## Replacement Alternative – Fixed Bridges

### Alt. 6 – High Level Fixed Bridge – Facing North



## Replacement Alternative – Fixed Bridges

### Alt. 6 – High Level Fixed Bridge – Facing North



## Replacement Alternative – Fixed Bridges

### Alt. 6 – High Level Fixed Bridge – Facing West



## Replacement Alternative – Fixed Bridges

### Alt. 6 – High Level Fixed Bridge – Facing East



## Replacement Alternative – Fixed Bridges

### Alt. 6 – High Level Fixed Bridge – East Approach



Facing North



Facing South



## Replacement Alternative – Fixed Bridges

### Alt. 6 – High Level Fixed Bridge – West Approach



Facing North



Facing South



## Replacement Alternative – Fixed Bridges

### Alt. 6 – High Level Fixed Bridge



**Estimated Cost Range: \$52 - \$57 Million**

## Alt. 6- High Level Fixed Bridge vs Alt. 7 & M4 – Arched Beams with Double Leaf Bascule Bridge





# Alternatives Analysis

## Screening Matrix – Reasonable Alternatives

Alternative	Description	Meets Purpose and Need	Sensitive to Historic Resource	Sensitive to Natural and Physical Environment	Meets Rehab or Replacement Parameters	Community Preference	Total
<b>1</b>	<b>Do Nothing</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Transportation Systems Management &amp; Operations (TSM&amp;O)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Rehabilitation Alternatives</b>							
3	Fixed Bridge Rehab w/out Beam Strengthening	3	3	2	2	1	11
<b>4</b>	<b>Fixed Bridge Rehab with Beam Strengthening</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>M1</b>	<b>Bascule Bridge Rehabilitation</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>Replacement Alternatives</b>							
<b>Typical Sections</b>							
<b>T1</b>	<b>Venetian Railing</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>15</b>
T2	Wyoming Railing TL-4 at coping	3	0	3	2	1	9
T3	Wyoming Railing TL-3 at curb and Original Venetian Railing at Coping	3	1	3	2	1	10
T4	Wyoming Railing TL-3 at curb and Custom Railing at Coping	3	0	3	2	0	8
<b>Fixed Alternatives</b>							
5	Tunnel	3	0	1	1	1	6
6	High Level Fixed Bridge	3	0	1	1	2	7
<b>7</b>	<b>Arched Beams</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>14</b>
8	FIB With Arched Fascia	3	1	2	2	1	9
9	FIB	3	0	2	2	0	7
10	Cast-in-Place Slab (Flat/Variable Depth)	3	0	2	2	1	8
11	Infill Spoil Islands	3	0	0	1	3	7
<b>Movable Bridge Alternatives</b>							
M2	Swing Bridge	3	0	2	2	0	7
M3	Vertical Lift Bridge	3	0	2	2	0	7
<b>M4</b>	<b>Double Leaf Bascule Bridge</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>14</b>
M5	Single Leaf Bascule Bridge	3	0	2	2	0	7

Screening Matrix - Scoring Methodology	Score
High	3
Medium	2
Low	1
Not Applicable	0

Alternatives considered for additional study shown in **Red**

The alternatives that were developed for the project have been evaluated based on the ability of each to meet the project needs.

ALTERNATIVE	DESCRIPTION
<b>NO-BUILD ALTERNATIVES</b>	
1	<b>Do Nothing</b> – The bridges remain as is with routine maintenance only.
2	<b>Transportation Systems Management &amp; Operations (TSM&amp;O)</b> – The bridges remain as is with routine maintenance only. Transit and other operational improvements would be made to facilitate transportation along the corridor.
<b>BUILD ALTERNATIVES - REHABILITATION</b>	
4	<b>Fixed Bridge Rehabilitation with Beam Strengthening</b> - Rehabilitation of the fixed bridges to improve safety and load carrying capacity. Includes beam strengthening to achieve a higher load carrying capacity.
M1	<b>Bascule Bridge Rehabilitation</b> – Rehabilitation of the eastern movable bridge to improve safety and achieve a higher load carrying capacity.
<b>BUILD ALTERNATIVES - REPLACEMENT</b>	
<b>Typical Sections</b> – The replacement of the bridges would require that a new typical section be selected along with the railing type.	
T1	<b>Venetian Railing</b> – This railing replicates the existing railing on the bridges, but may not satisfy the current standards for railings.
<b>FIXED ALTERNATIVES</b> The replacement of the bridges would require that the structural system for the fixed bridges be selected.	
7	<b>Arched Beams</b> – This alternative provides low-level bridges, replicates the arched beams and maintains the look of the existing bridges.
<b>Movable Bridge Alternatives</b> – The replacement of the eastern movable bridge would require that the movable bridge type be selected.	
M4	<b>Double Leaf Bascule Bridge</b> – The existing bridge would be replaced in kind.

Alt. 1

## Alt. 1 - Do Nothing

- Existing Deficiencies will Remain
- Continued Deterioration
- Extensive Periodic Repairs and Maintenance



**Does not meet purpose and need for project**

Alt. 2

## Alt. 2 – Transportation System Management and Operations

- Enhanced Bus service
- Facilitate Pedestrians and Bicyclists
- Existing Deficiencies will remain, but safe bridges required for effective TSM&O



**Does not meet purpose and need for project**

## Rehabilitation Alternative

Alt. 4

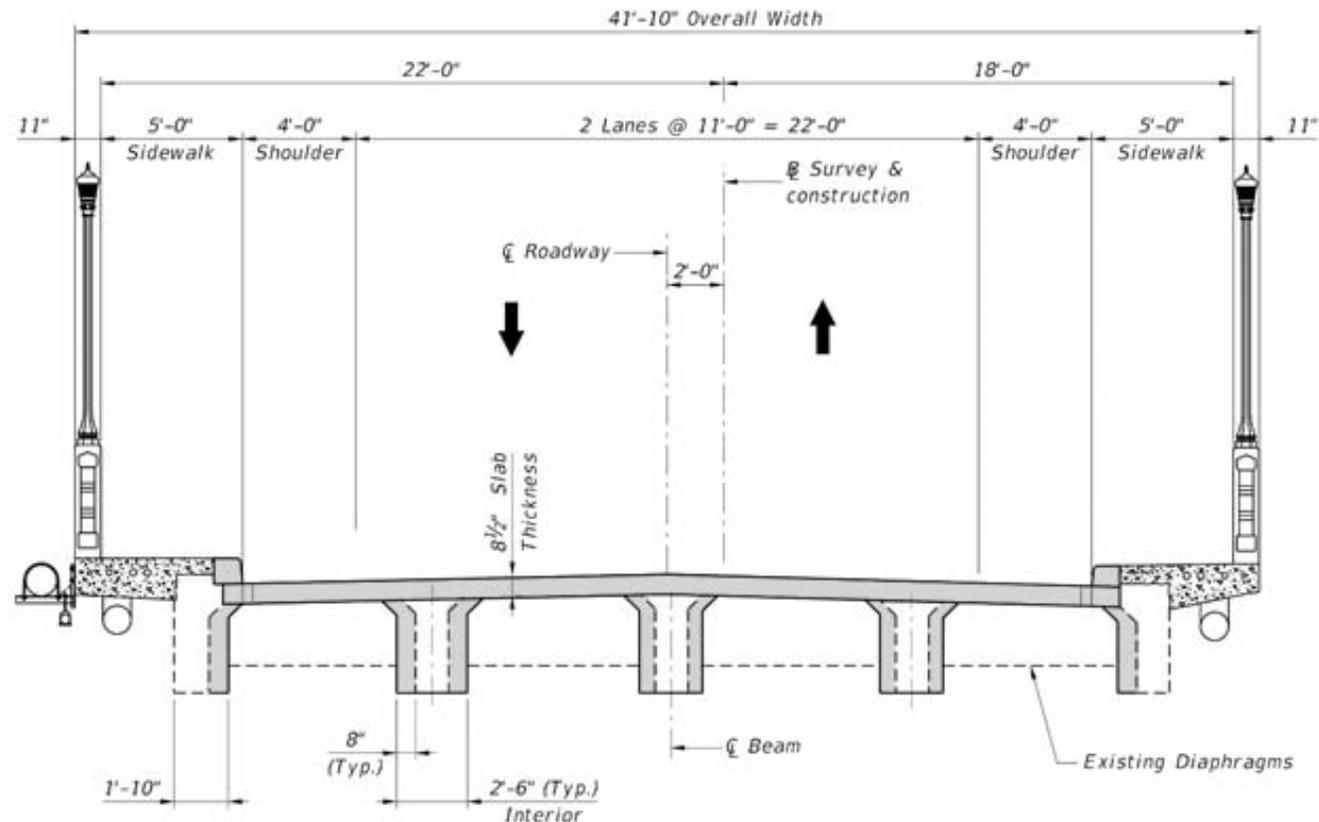
### Alt. 4 - Fixed Bridge Rehab with Beam Strengthening

#### Typical Section

- Expand Sidewalk to 5 feet to meet minimum requirement for ADA
- 4 foot Shoulder does not meet 5.5 foot shoulder requirement for bike lane

#### Rehabilitation includes:

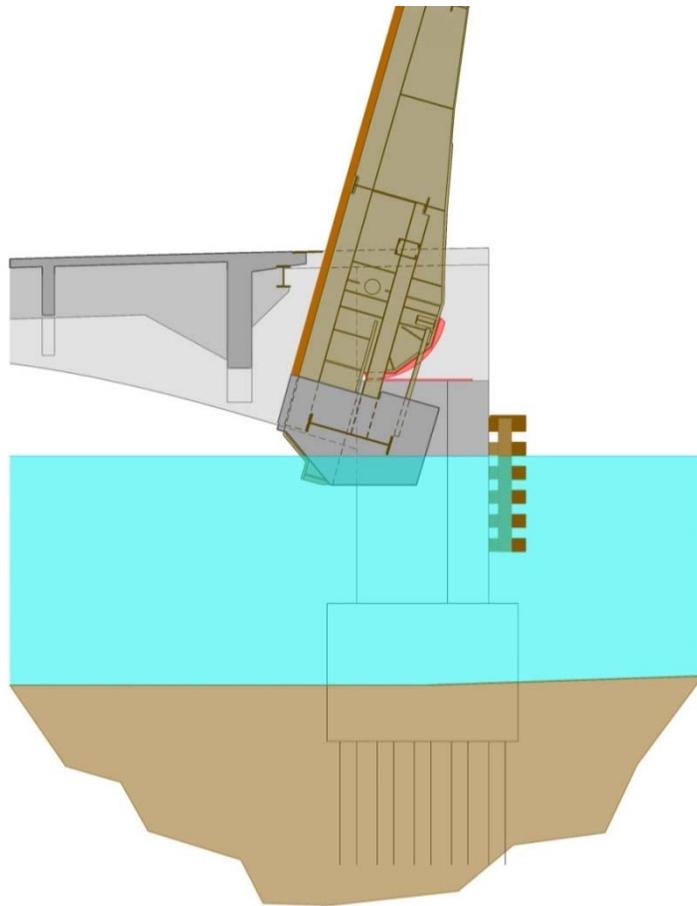
- Deck Replacement Beam and Foundation Strengthening
- 41'-10" Overall width to remain, Venetian Railing to remain



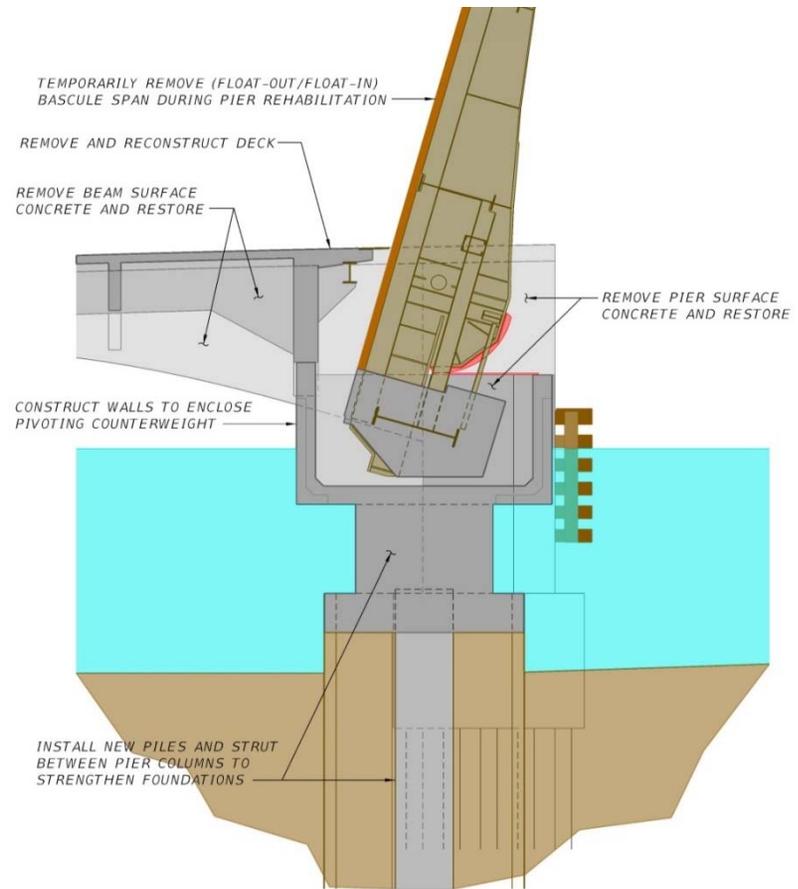
**Estimated Cost Range: \$42 - \$44 Million**

## Rehabilitation Alternative

### Alt. M1 - Bascule Bridge Rehabilitation



SECTION THRU EXISTING BASCULE SPAN



SECTION THRU REHABILITATED BASCULE SPAN

**Estimated Cost Range: \$8 - \$9 Million**

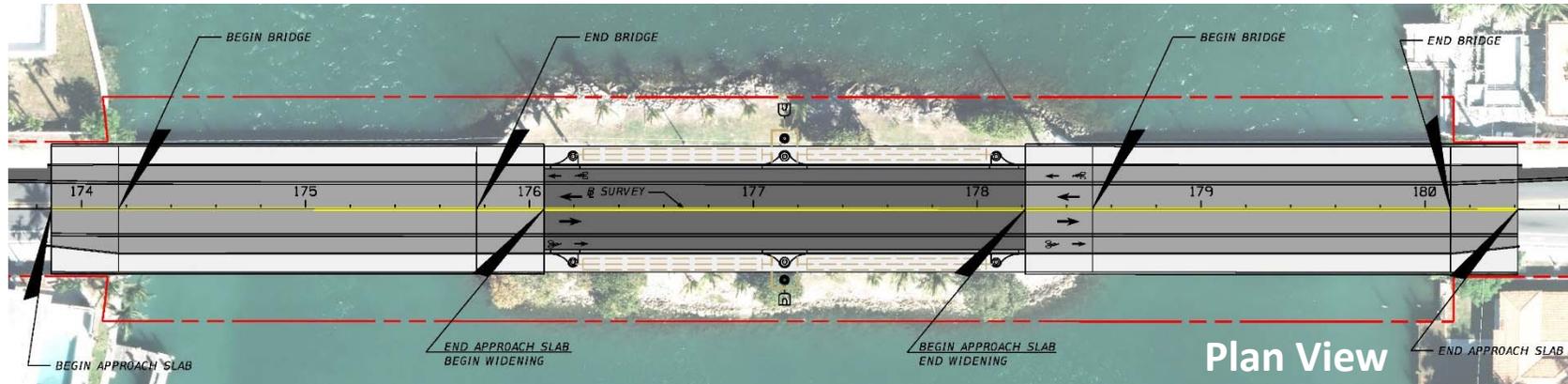
## Replacement Alternative – Typical Section Selection



## Replacement Alternative – Fixed Bridges

Alt. 7

### Alt. 7 – Arch Beam



Plan View



Elevation View

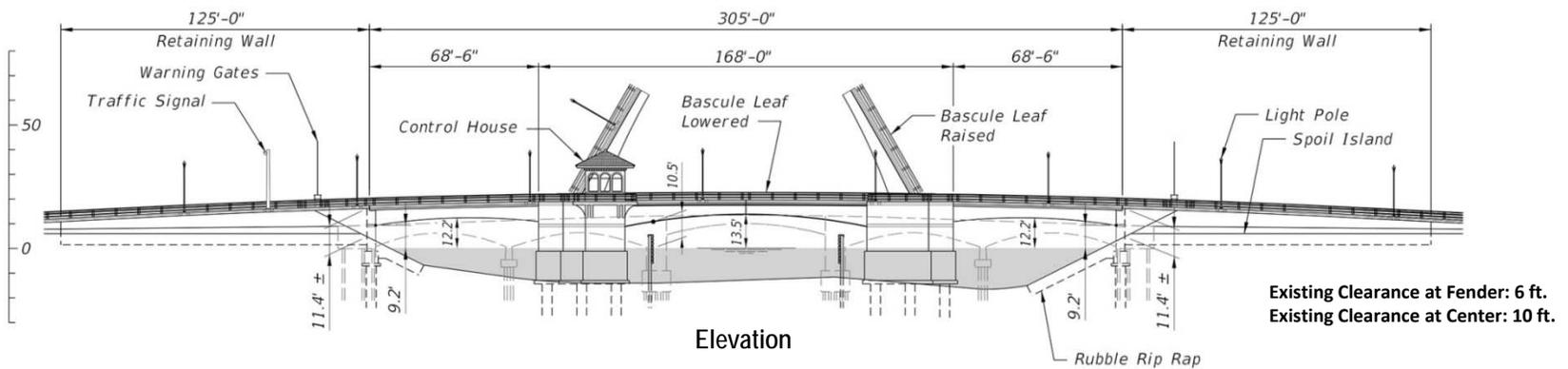
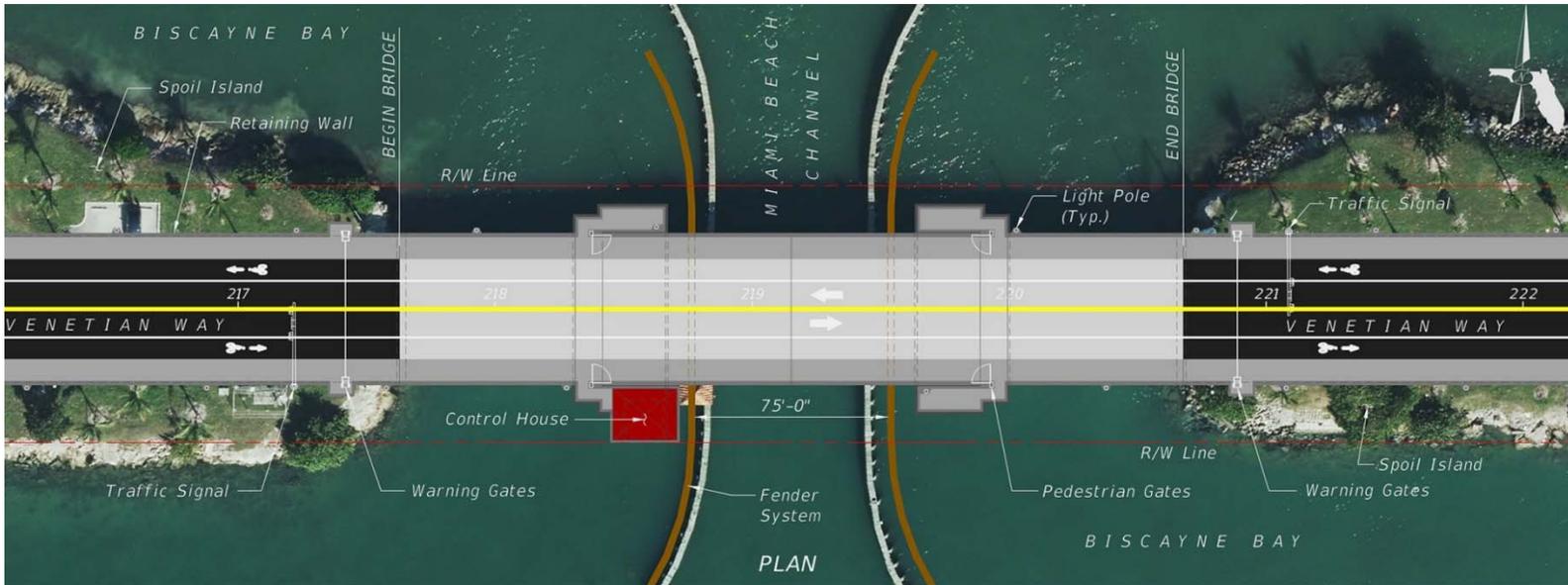
**Estimated Cost Range: \$36 - \$41 Million\***

*\*High Range for Phased Construction*

## Replacement Alternative – Movable Bridge

M4

### Alt. M4 – Double Leaf Bascule Bridge



**Estimated Cost Range: \$29 - \$33 Million**

## Replacement Alternative – Movable Bridge

### Alt. M4 – Double Leaf Bascule Bridge



MOVABLE BRIDGE 10 ELEVATION



# Estimated Costs

## Viable Build Alternatives

### REHABILITATION (25-year Service Life)

<b>ALT. 4: Fixed Bridge Rehab with Beam Strengthening</b>	<b>\$42 - \$44 Million</b>
<b>ALT. M1: Bascule Bridge Rehabilitation</b>	<b>\$8 - \$9 Million</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$50 - \$53 Million</b>
	<b>Life Cycle Cost - \$159 M</b>

### REPLACEMENT (75-year Service Life)

<b>ALT. 7: Arched Beams Replacement</b>	<b>\$36 - \$41 Million</b>
<b>ALT. M4: Double Leaf Bascule Bridge</b>	<b>\$29 - \$33 Million</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$65 - \$74 Million</b>
	<b>Life Cycle Cost - \$79 M</b>

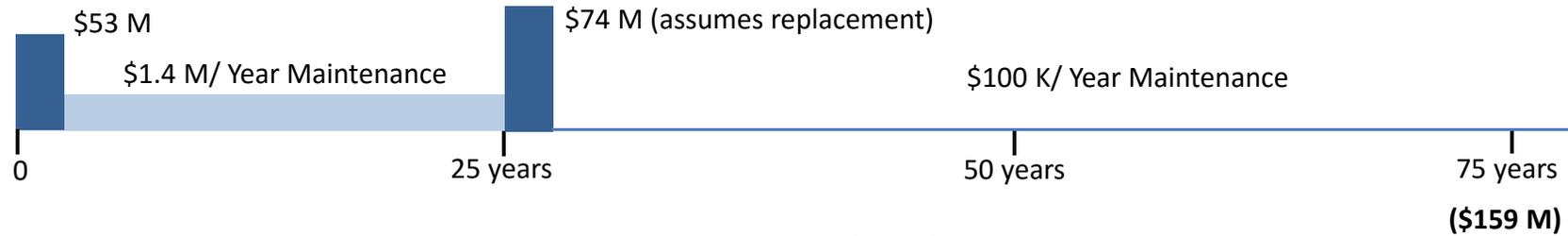


# Estimated Costs– Life Cycle Cost

## NO BUILD (Unknown Service Life)



## REHABILITATION (25-year Service Life)



Assumes 2016 dollars. No Escalation for Inflation Included

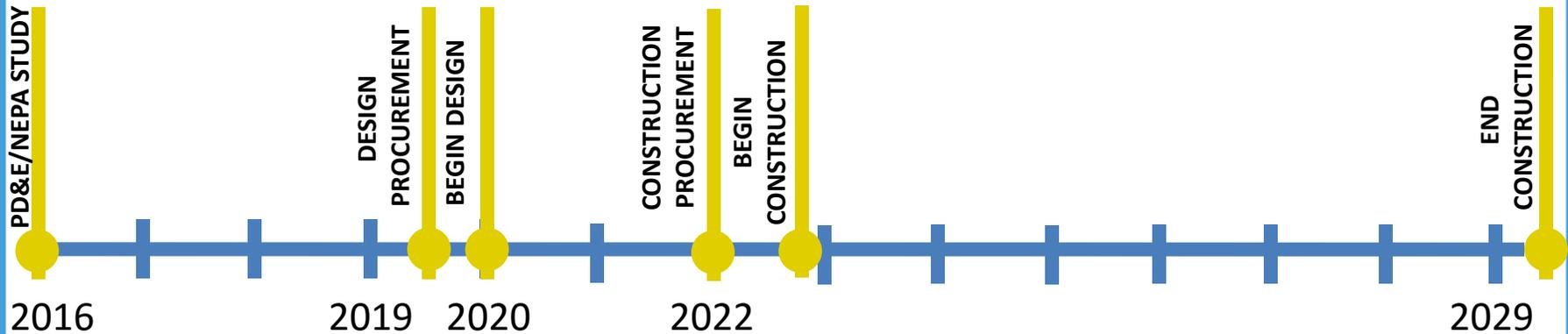
## REPLACEMENT (75-year Service Life)



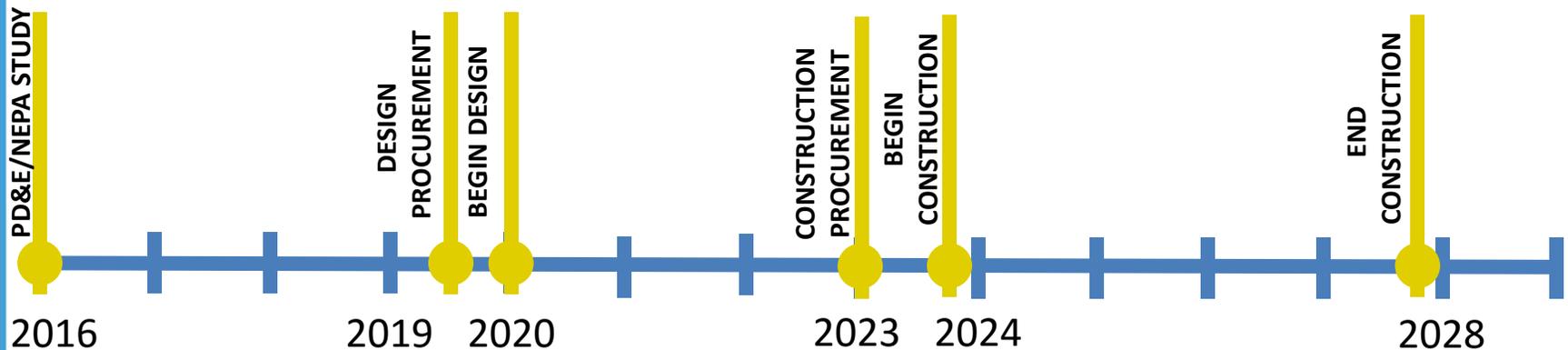


# Anticipated Schedule

## REHABILITATION (25-year Service Life)



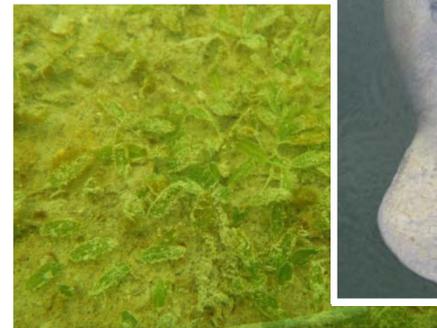
## REPLACEMENT (75-year Service Life)



\* Assume 6 months for LDCA and 9 months for Construction Procurement

## Environmental Impacts of No-Build vs Build

- **No Build Alternatives result in no environmental impacts**
- **Build Alternatives (Rehab. or Replacement)**
  - Similar natural resource impacts for both rehabilitation and replacement.
  - Potential impact to corals on substructure & scour protection areas
  - Temporary impacts due to construction methods
    - Barge Use, water quality, noise, air quality
  - Minimal threatened & endangered species involvement
    - Informal Section 7 (of the Endangered Species Act) Consultation with USFWS & NMFS
  - Retain and improve bicycle and pedestrian access



## Historic Resource Impacts of No-Build vs. Build

- **No Build Alternatives result in No Adverse Effects/Impacts to the historic resources**
  
- **Build Alternatives**
  - Rehabilitation - May likely result in Adverse Effects/Impacts to the historic resources
  - Replacement - Adverse Effects/Impacts to the historic Resources
  
- **Adverse Effects**
  - Section 106 Effects Determination Case Study Report, Memorandum of Agreement, and further consultation with affected parties will be necessary.
  - Section 4(f) documentation also required.



# Evaluation Matrix

Criteria	Weighting Factor	No Build Alternatives				Build Alternatives				Value Engineering Alternative	
		Alt 1 - No Build		Alt 2 - TSM&O		Rehabilitation		Replacement		VE Alternative	Score
		Score	Score	Score	Score	Score	Score				
Meets Purpose and Need		No	No			Yes	Yes				
Meets Current Safety Standards											
Service Life		0-3 years	0-8 years			25 years	75 years				
Typical Sectional Functionality		Substandard sidewalks and bicycle lanes	Substandard sidewalks and bicycle lanes			Substandard sidewalks and bicycle lanes	Meets current criteria				
Structural Capacity		H-15	H-15			HL-93	HL-93				
Hurricane Resistance		Not Satisfied	Not Satisfied			Satisfied	Satisfied				
Vessel Collision Resistance		Not Satisfied	Not Satisfied			Satisfied	Satisfied				
Bridge Clearances		Remain	Remain			Remain	Improved (Raised 1')				
Maintenance of Traffic During Construction		N/A	N/A			82 months	Phased Construction				
Utility Services											
Economic Impact											
Constructability											
Pedestrian and Bicycle Facilities		Remain as is	Remain as is			Pedestrian - Improved Bicycle - Remain as is	Improved				
<b>Environmental Impacts</b>											
NATURAL	Benthic Resources	No impact	No impact			Impact to corals from scour protection, substructure & beam strengthening	Impact to corals from scour protection, substructure replacement, spoil island shoreline				
	Essential Fish Habitat	No impact	No impact			Minimal impacts from construction means and methods	Minimal impacts from construction means and methods/minimal impact to shoreline of spoil islands				
	Threatened & Endangered Species	No impact	No impact			Minimal impacts from construction means and methods	Minimal impacts from construction means and methods				
PHYSICAL	Water Quality	Scuppers discharge to OFW	Scuppers discharge to OFW			Scuppers discharge to OFW	Temporary impacts during construction/overall benefit				
	Noise Impacts	No impact	No impact			Minimal impacts from construction means and methods	Temporary impacts during construction				
	Air Quality	No impact	No impact			Minimal impacts from construction means and methods	Temporary impacts during construction				
Cultural and Historic	Contamination Impacts	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			Not Applicable	Not Applicable				
	Historic - Section 106/4(f)	No Adverse Effect	No Adverse Effect			No Adverse Effect - some impact to resource	Adverse Effect - Resource replaced, NHRP may be applicable for the causeway				
SOCIAL and ECONOMIC	Aesthetic/Visual Impacts	Utilities remain	Utilities remain			Utilities remain	Wider section, bridge aesthetics replicated, utilities hidden, arch and railings remain				
	Recreational Areas	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			Not Applicable	Not Applicable				
	Community Cohesion	No impact	No impact			Temporary impact to access during construction	Temporary impact to access during construction				
Engineering Costs											
Construction Costs											
Maintenance Costs											
Life Cycle Costs											
<b>Total Points</b>											

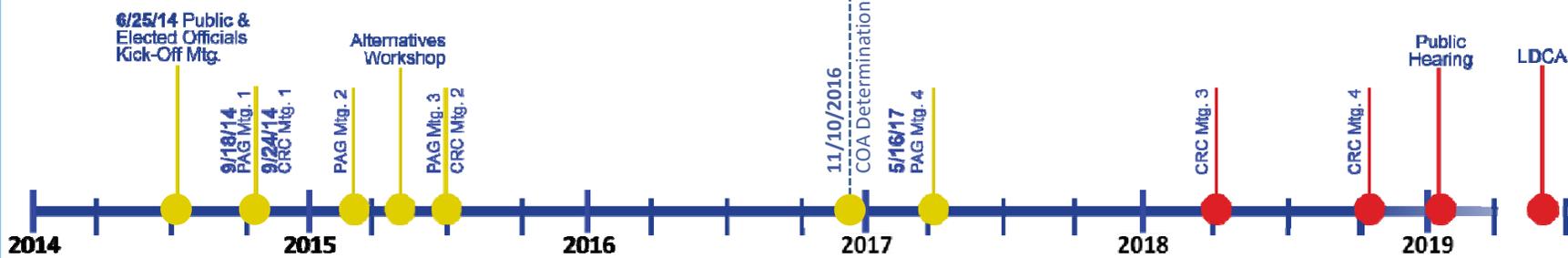
Score	Description
0	No Benefit or Not Applicable
1	Most impactful or least benefit
2	Very impactful or little benefit
3	Moderate impact or moderate benefit
4	Little impact or very beneficial
5	Least impactful or most benefit



# Next Steps

Project Scope Development

PD&E / NEPA Study

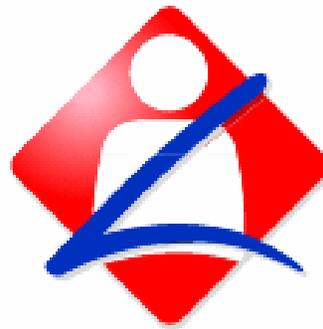


## LEGEND

- CRC:** Cultural Resource Committee
- MTG:** Meeting
- PAG:** Project Advisory Group
- LDCA:** Location Design Concept Acceptance



# Drive Safely



**CLICK IT  
OR TICKET  
FLORIDA**



**DRUNK DRIVING  
OVER THE LIMIT. UNDER ARREST.**

Cops are cracking down.



## FDOT Contact

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Email: [Dat.Huynh@dot.state.fl.us](mailto:Dat.Huynh@dot.state.fl.us)

Phone: 305-470-5201

## Miami-Dade County Contact

**Public Information Officer: Karla Damian**

Department of Transportation and Public Works

Email: [kdamian@miamidade.gov](mailto:kdamian@miamidade.gov)

Phone: 786-469-5420

## ONLINE

- Project webpage - Updates posted weekly

<http://www.fdotmiamidade.com/venetianbridgestudy>

- Efficient Transportation Decision Making (ETDM)

<https://etdmpub.fla-etat.org/est/>

- Click on Project Number on left hand menu
- Type in 12756
- Click "Go" or press Enter

